

International Consortium for Health Outcomes Measurement

FMLM meeting: Insights into leadership

20th July 2017

Be authentic

You have a goal/an idea which you genuinely believe will help to change things for the better

36x variation in capsule complications after cataract surgery in Swedish hospitals

20X variation in mortality after colon cancer surgery in Swedish hospitals

18x variation in reoperation rates after hip surgery in German hospitals

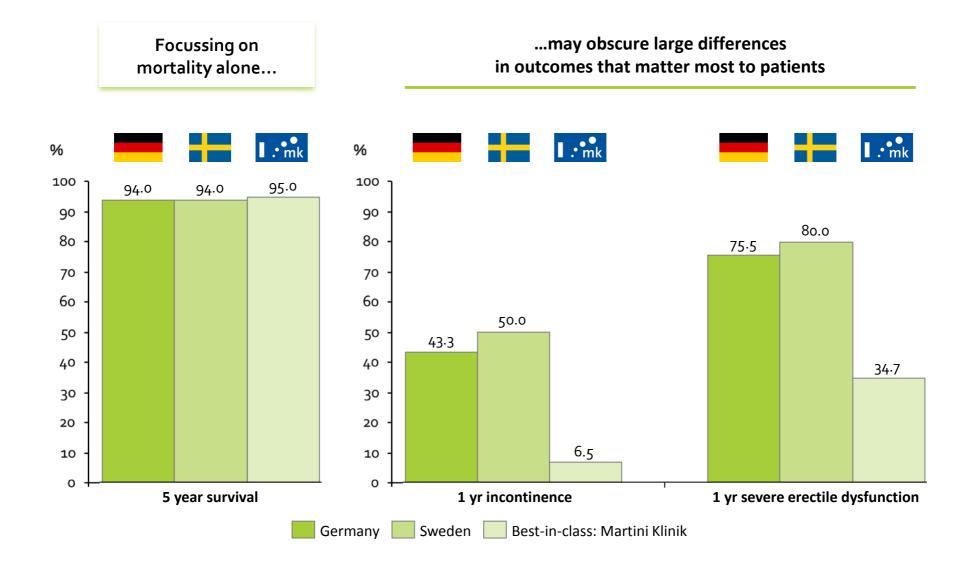
9X variation in complication rates from radical prostatectomies in the Dutch hospitals

5X Variation of major obstetrical complications among US hospitals

 $\mathbf{4X}$ variation in bypass surgery mortality in the UK hospitals

2X variation in 30-day mortality rate from heart attack in US hospitals





Getting people to follow

In order to achieve the goal, we need to convince people that it's a good idea!

"A profound and powerful critique of America's health-care system."—The Economist

Michael E. Porter Elizabeth Olmsted Teisberg

Redefining Health Care

Creating Value-Based Competition on Results



"Revolutionary and practical"

Henry V Fineberg, Institute of Medicine



PERSPECTIVE

STANDARDIZING PATIENT OUTCOMES MEASUREMENT

Standardizing Patient Outcomes Measurement

Michael E. Porter, Ph.D., M.B.A., Stefan Larsson, M.D., Ph.D., and Thomas H. Lee, M.D.

"he arc of history is increasing-In the shifting focus from the volume of services delivered to the value created for patients, with "value" defined as the outcomes achieved relative to the costs.1 But progress has been slow and halting, partly because measurement of outcomes that matter to patients, aside from survival, remains limited, And for many conditions, death is a rare outcome whose measurement fails to differentiate excellent from merely competent providers.

Experience in other fields suggests that systematic outcomes measurement is the sine gua non of value improvement. It is also essential to all true value based reimbursement models being discussed or implemented in health care. The lack of outcomes measurement has slowed down reimbursement reform and led to hesitancy among health care pro-

viders to embrace accountability for results.

If we're to unlock the potential of value-based health care for driving improvement, outcomes measurement must accelerate. That means committing to measuring a minimum sufficient set of outcomes for every major medical condition - with well-defined methods for their collection and risk adjustment - and then standardizing those sets nationally and globally.

Why has arriving at the essential measures of performance been so difficult in health care, when it seems to occur naturally in other fields? First, in health care we've allowed "quality" to be defined as compliance with evidence-based practice guidelines rather than as improvement in outcomes. Of the 1958 quality indicators in the National Quality Measures Clearinghouse, for example, only 139 (7%) are actual outcomes and only 32 (<2%) are patient-reported outcomes (see bar graph),2 Defaulting to measurement of discrete processes is understandable, given the historical organization of health care delivery around specialty services and fee-for-service payments.

Yet process measurement has had limited effect on value. Such measures receive little attention from patients, who are interested in results. Process measures don't truly differentiate among providers, so incentives for improvement are limited. Nor does improving process compliance from 95% to 98% matter much for outcomes. Yet the effort required to measure processes and ensure compliance consumes organizations' resources and attention. leading to clinician skepticism about the value of measurement, which spills over to outcomes









Dedication and persistence

Leading people towards a goal requires time to deliver the goals and dogged persistence!











Our mission:

Unlock the potential of value-based health care by **defining global Standard Sets of outcome measures that really matter to patients** and by **driving adoption and reporting** of these measures worldwide

Focus

Start small, celebrate success and move forwards step by step



Showcase and celebrate the successes

Our current 21 Standard Sets



2016-2017 commitments

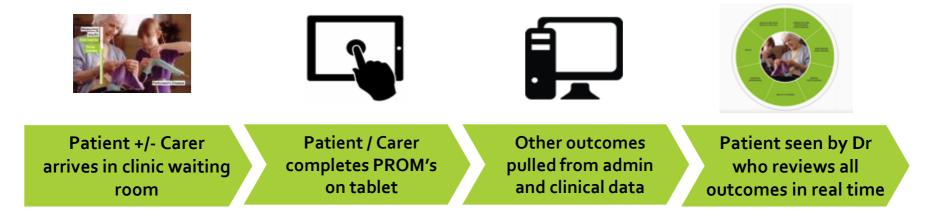
- **1**. Chronic kidney disease
- 2. Oral health
- 3. Inflammatory arthritis
- Congenital hand and upper limb malformations
- 5. Facial palsy
- 6. Hypertension*
- 7. Diabetes
- 8. Atrial fibrillation

In discussions to launch

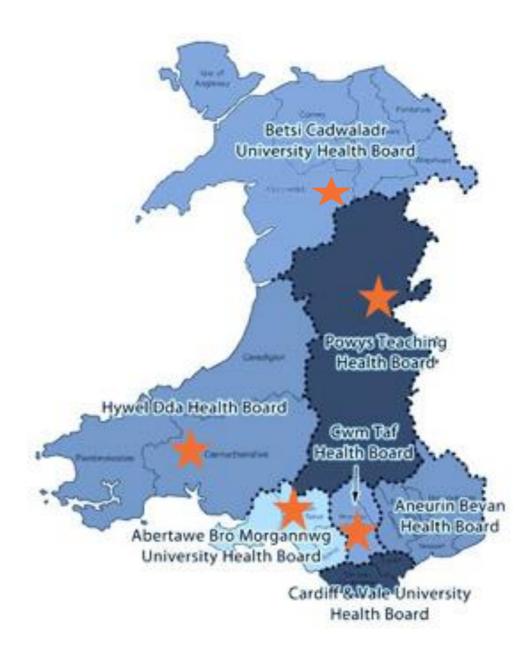
- 1. Mental health package
- 2. Overall adult health
- 3. Overall child health
- 4. Pediatric epilepsy

Numbers <u>not</u> representing prioritization/likelihood

*Focused on low and middle income countries

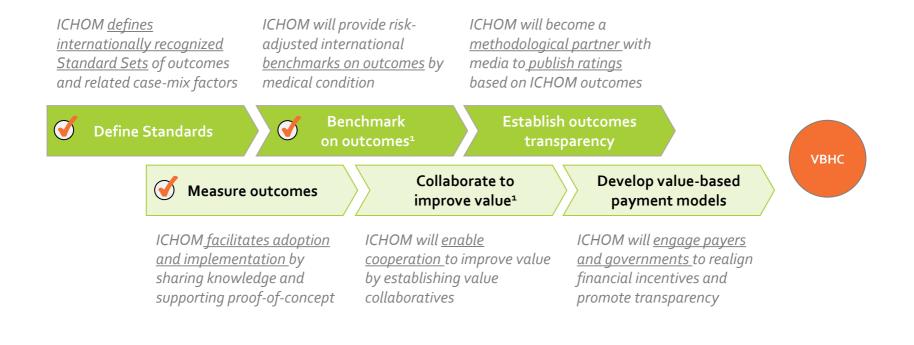


- Showcase and celebrate the successes
- Empower others to take the lead
- Figure out what approaches will best convince others



Listening, Observing & Understanding the environment

We must work to convince but also to provide what people want/need





Working with a terrific team with the right competencies

The key to achieving the goal is creating and working in a high-performing team

- Support each other
- Value each other's contributions
- Value each other and the different personalities we may have
- Discuss and plan together
- Clear roles and responsibilities
- Embrace opportunities and learn from failures

Empowerment and building a leadership network

The key to scaling the goal is creating an empowered network within and beyond the limits of the organization



And finally...

Resilience

Leading towards a goal will have setbacks